## SUBSURFACE AND SURFACE WASTE-DISPOSAL PRACTICE ON MAUI

## SUBSURFACE AND SURFACE WASTE-DISPOSAL PRACTICE ON MAUI

Maui has an area of 728 square miles (1,890 square kilometers) and is the second largest island in the State. Its population in 1970 was slightly more than 39,000. The principal towns are Wailuku, Kahului, and Lahaina, but resort areas along the western coastlines of Haleakala and West Maui are growing rapidly. The growing of sugarcane in the isthmus area and in the western part of West Maui constitutes the main industry. Pineapple and cattle are important crops that occupy the higher and drier areas. The future economic growth of the island, however, is probably tied to the rapidly-increasing tourist business.

A description of geology and ground-water resources is included in a report by Stearns and Macdonald (1942). The island of Maui is composed of two volcanoes, Haleakala and West Maui. The isthmus connecting the volcanoes was formed by Haleakala's lavas banking against the lower slopes of West Maui. The oldest rocks on the island are the highly permeable basaltic lava flows, which make up the bulk of the two volcanoes. On Haleakala, the basaltic lavas were completely veneered by less permeable andesite in the final stages of mountain building. On West Maui, the basaltic lavas were less completely veneered by andesite and trachyte. Subsequent deep erosion has exposed much of the basaltic lava flows on West Maui. Much of the deeply eroded valleys of Haleakala were filled with post-erosional lava flows, which covered the earlier formed basaltic lavas that were exposed by erosion. The post-erosional flows, which are extensive on the eastern and southern flanks of Haleakala, form a highly permeable surface. Post-erosional lava flows on West Maui are limited to a small area near Lahaina. At least 43 subsurface waste-disposal sites are on Maui. All except six are along the coastline between Kaanapali and Napili Bay in West Maui and between Kihei and Makena on the western flanks of Haleakala. These coastal sites are used for the disposal of sewage effluent, mostly from small aerobic plants in rapidly-growing resort areas not serviced by sewers. Site 51, near Kahului Bay, consists of 15 drilled wells scattered in a large residential subdivision for disposal of storm and street runoff. Site 50, in the same subdivision, consists of at least two wells for disposal of storm runoff. At site 28, liquid wastes from a pine-apple cannery are injected into two 300-foot (91-meter) deep wells. The subsurface and surface waste-disposal sites are listed in table 1 and are shown on the simplified geologic map (fig. 1, sheet 3).

Two geohydrologic cross sections are drawn perpendicular to the coastline in areas where most of the subsurface waste-disposal sites are located. One cross section is drawn through disposal site 27 near Kamapali (fig. 2, sheet 3), and the other through site 2 near Kamapali (fig. 3, sheet 3). The sections were drawn from well-log information. Because the nearshore sediments vary from horizons of highly permeable sand and coral to those of silt and clay with low permeability, well logs and well and casing depths of disposal wells are important data that need to be recorded. This information is necessary if the fate of the waste injected into the subsurface is to be determined and monitored. Many of these data are not available for many of the wells drilled for the disposal of wastes.

Ground water in the sediments is brackish to saline along the drier western coastlines. The chloride content of ground water in the volcanic bedrock is shown by lines of equal chloride content and by scattered measurements on figure 4, sheet 3. Much of the low-chloride content of basal ground water underlying the irrigated sugarcane areas is attributed to recharge from irrigation-water return. This chloride content, however, rises as much as tenfold during the irrigation season because of prolonged pumping of ground water owing to the decrease in the quantity of surface water applied during the late summer months. The rise, however, is not permanent. Tenorio and others (1970), showed the presence of irrigation-water return in the basal ground-water bodies underlying the isthmus and western slopes of Haleakala and the western slopes of West Maui. That study covered a period of 3 years.

Sewage from the sewered areas shown on figure 4 is discharged offshore through outfalls except the sewage from the Kaanapali area, which is used for irrigation. Inhabited areas, not sewered but serviced by cesspools, are also shown on figure 4.

The area sewered in 1972 and that to be sewered by the sewer system proposed for the year 1990 are shown on figure 5, sheet 3. The data on figure 5 are extracted from a consultant's report, prepared in 1971 by R. M. Towill Corp. Waste-disposal sites pending in 1972, are listed in table 2 and shown on figure 5. Nearly all of the coastal areas, serviced by cesspools and small private sewage plants in 1972, will be sewered by the County of Maui by 1990, if the

proposals in the Sewage Master Plan are adopted.

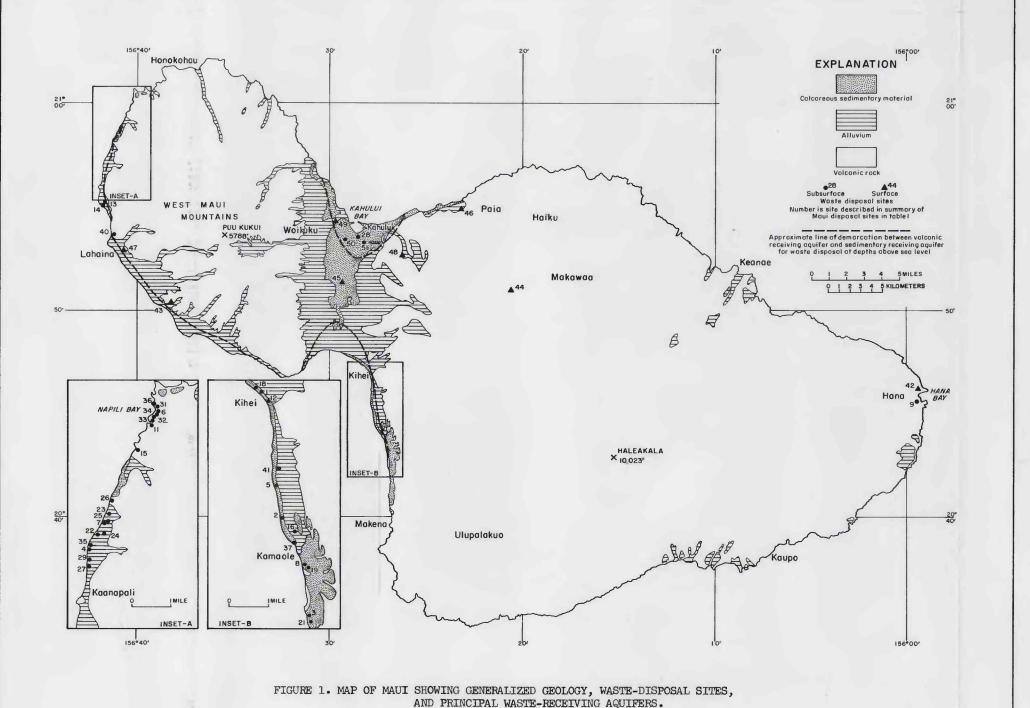
Figure 6 is a photograph of the hydroseparator for mill wastes at Paia Sugar Mill. The settling basin and injection wells for storm runoff at the Kahului development are shown in figure 7.

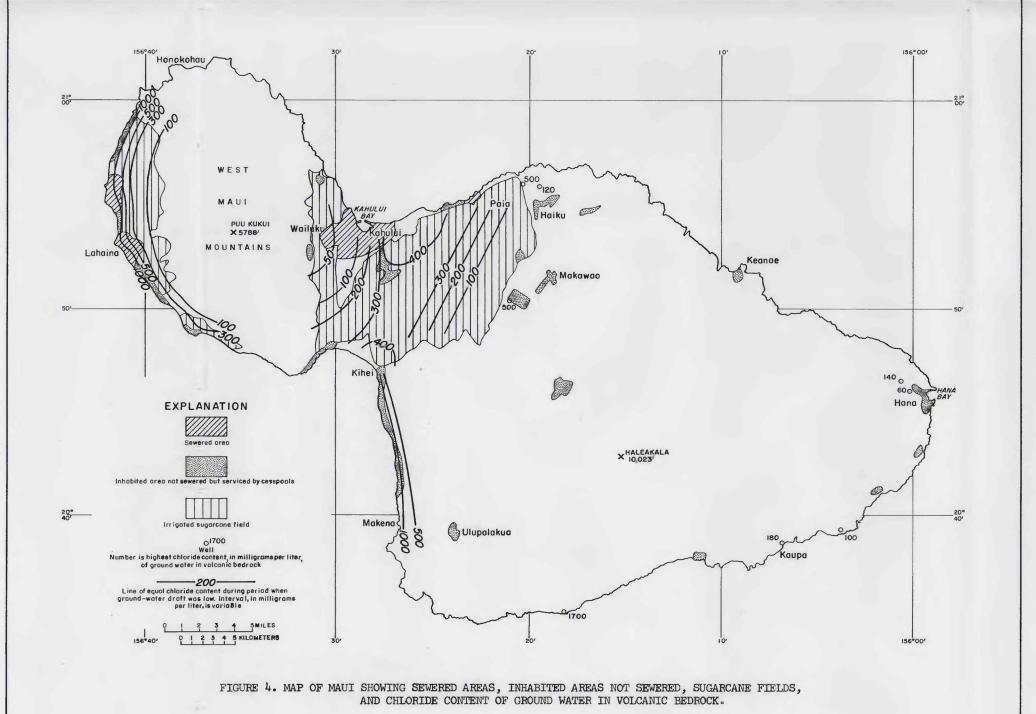


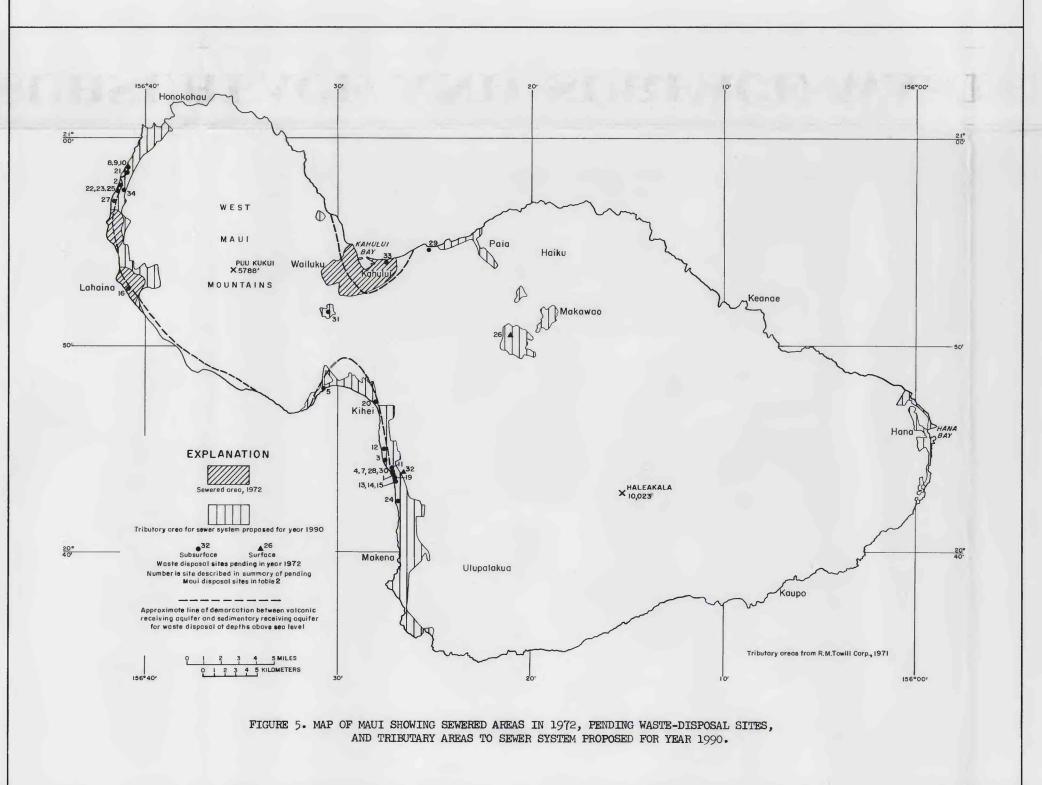
FIGURE 6. PHOTOGRAPH OF HYDROSEPARATOR FOR MILL WASTES AT



FIGURE 7. PHOTOGRAPH OF SITE 50, SETTLING BASIN AND INJECTION WELLS AT KAHULUI DEVELOPMENT



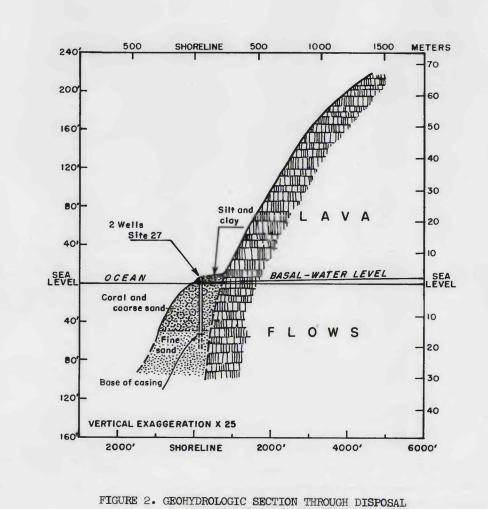




						1
SITE	NAME	NATURE OF WASTE	TREATMENT	DISP <b>O</b> SAL	GROUND-WATER RESOURCES AFFECTED	REMARKS
1	Alii Kai Condominium c/	Sewage	Aerobic plant	Cesspool	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	
2	Balusan Apartments c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete a/	2 injection wells		
3	Hale Hui Kai c/	do	Aerobic plant	do	d0d0	Flow 16,000 gpd
4	Hale Kai c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	Injection wells	dodo	
	Hale Kai O Kihei c/	do	do	do	d0d	
6	Hale Napili c/	do		4 injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	
	Hale Ono Loa Condominium c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	3 injection wells	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 14,000 gpd
	Hale Pau Hana c/	do	Aerobic, chlorinated	Injection wells	do	Flow 18,000 gpd
9	Hana Kai Apartment c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	2 seepage pits	Basal ground water in lava flows	
	Hono Kai Condominium c/	do	do	4 injection wells	Brackish water-table zone in alluvium and lava flows	Flow 10,000 gpd
	Honokeana Cove Apartments c/	do	do	Seepage pit	Basal ground water in lava flows	
12	Hoyer Kai Apartments c	do	Deimone	Cesspools	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	100 000 000 qui dire les dan que que que del que sim sua dan
	Kaanapali Sewage Treatment Plant d/	do	Primary	Irrigation water well	Fresh to brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	
	Kaanapali Iki Golf Course Clubhouse d/	do.	Aerobic, cavittete	Seepage pit	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 1,000 gpd
	Kahana Sunset c/	do	Aerobic plant	2 injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 30,000 gpd
	Kalama Terrace c/	do		Injection well	Fresh to brackish water-table zone in sediments	62 units
	Kihei Beach Condominium c/	do	Aerobic plant, chlorinated			Location not availa
	Kihei Kai c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	Injection well	Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	
	Kihei Kai Nani Condominium c/	do	Aerobic plant	do	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 27,000 gpd
	Kihei Sands Condominium c/	do		4 injection wells		Location not availa
	Roger Knox c/Kulakane c/	do do		Injection well	Basal ground water in lava flows	
				Wells, cesspool	dodo	
	Kuleana c/	do do	Aerobic plant	Injection wells	Ground water in sediments and lava flows	
	Leilani c/	do	Acustic mlaut chlouinets	do	dodo	
25	Lokelani Condominium c/		Aerobic plant, chlorinated		dodo	Flow 10,000 gpd
	Mahina Surf Condominium c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	2 injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 8,000 gpd
27	Maui Kai c/	do		Trioction volle	do	Flow 16,000 gpd
28	Maui Pineapple Co. d/	Cannery waste		Injection wells	dodo	
	Maui Sands c/	Sewage do		Seepage pit, wells	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 24,000 gpd
30	Napili Apartments c/Napili Lani c/	do	Aerobic plant, chlorinated		7-3-1-1-1-2-03	Location not availal
		do		Seepage pit, wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 8,000 gpd
	Napili Shores Apartment c/	do	Aerobic plant, chlorinated	Cooper not wells	do	Flow 30,000 gpd
33 34	Napili Surf c/Napili Village c/	do ·			dodo	
	Pikake c/	do		Seepage pit, wells	Notes told and in addition	
35 36	Puna Point Development c/	do		do	Water-table zone in sediments	
37	Punahou c/	do		Injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 4,000 gpd
38	Tahitian Garden Apartments c/	do	do	THE COLOR WELLS	Water-table zone in sediments	7711
30	Tametan darden Apar dilends E	40				Kihei, location not
30	David Ting Condominium c/	do	do	Seepage pit	Water-table zone in coral limestone	available
40	Wahikuli Terrace Subdivision c/	do		Cesspool	Basal ground water in lava flows	
	Waipuilani Condominium c/	do		Injection well	rasar ground water in raya rrows	
72	Halparini condendition of	40		23,000000000000000000000000000000000000	·	
	SOLID-WASTE DUMPS e/			1.86		
					Page 3	
42	Hana dump	Leachate		Onsite fill	Basal ground water in lava flows	Domestic waste
	Olowalu dump	do	do	do	do	Do
	Pukalani dump	do	do	do	do	Do
45	Waikapu dump	do	do	do	do	Do
	SUGARCANE MILL WASTES d/					
46	Paia Sugar Mill		Ponding	Irrigation, land fill	Basal ground water in lava flows	
47	Pioneer Sugar Mill			Irrigation, fill, ocean	dodo	
	Puunene Sugar Mill			Irrigation, land fill		
49	Wailuku Sugar Mill			Iao Stream	Fresh water-table zone in sediments	
	STORM WATER	1		(		
		CI CO	None	Trade and an 22	Brackich basel ground vistor in laws flows	At 300st 0 - 33
50	Kahului Development d/	Storm runoff		Injection wells	Brackish basal ground water in lava flows Fresh water-table zone in calcareous rock and alluvium	At least 2 wells
51	Maui County b, e/	Storm and street	None	do	Fresh water-table zone in carcareous rock and alluvium	15 wells in subdivi

a/ Small modular aerobic sewage-treatment unit developed by Hanna Enterprises in Hawaii.

b/ - e/ Sources of information: b/ U. S. Geological Survey; c/ State Department of Health; d/ owner; e/ Maui County.



SITE 27 NEAR KAANAPALI.

SEA LEVEL

OCEAN

Sand

Clay

Clay

Clay

Brackish to saline
water in sediments

WERTICAL EXAGGERATION X 25

2000' SHORELINE 2000' 4000'

FIGURE 3. GEOHYDROLOGIC SECTION THROUGH DISPOSAL SITE 2 NEAR KAMAOLE.

Disposal site 2

TABLE 2. PENDING SUBSURFACE AND SURFACE WASTE DISPOSAL ON MAUI AS OF DECEMBER 1972										
SITE	NAME	NATURE OF WASTE	TREATMENT	DISPOSAL	GROUND-WATER RESOURCES AFFECTED	REMARKS				
1 2	T. R. Chetleburgh c/Club Mondiale Kuleana c/		Aerobic, cavittete a/	Cesspools	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 4,000 gpd				
3	Glopac c/ Hale Kamaole Condominium c/	do	Aerobic, cavittete	Injection wells	Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	Location approximate Flow 2,000 gpd				
5	Hale Kini Properties c/	do	do Aerobic plant	Leaching pits, wells	dodo	Flow 42,000 gpd Flow 8,000 gpd				
7	Island Surf Kapaa Condominium c/	do	do do		Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	Location not available Flow 20,000 gpd				
9	Kahana Beach Apartment c/Kahana Reef Condominium c/	do	do Aerobic plant, chlorinated	Injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Location approximate				
10	Kahana Surf and Villa c/ Kauhale Nani Housing c/	do do	Septic tanks	do	dodo	Flow 60,000 gpd Flow 20,000 gpd				
12 13	Kihei Beach Club c/ Kihei Kai Developers c/	do do	Aerobic, cavittete	Injection wells	Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows Basal ground water in lava flows	Cesspools not approved Location approximate				
14 15	Kihei Villa Condominium c/ Kuau Plaza Condominium c/	do do		Seepage pit	Basar ground waver in lava flows	Do				
16 17	Lahaina Fashions b/Lahaina Racquet Club c/	do do	Aerobic, cavittete	Injection wells	Brackish water-table zone in coral limestone	Location not available				
18 19	Makani Sands Apartments c/ Mana Kai Condominium c/	do do	Aerobic plant	do		Do				
20	Nani Kai Hale c/ Napilihau Housing Project c/	do		***********	Basal ground water in lava flowsBrackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	Flow 40,000 gpd Flow 10,000 gpd				
22 23	Noelani Apartments c/	do	Secondary Aerobic plant	Injection wells	Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 90,000 gpd Flow 9,000 gpd				
24 25	Outrigger Maui Apartment c/	do	Aerobic plant, chlorinated Aerobic, cavittete	Seepage trench	Brackish water-table zone in sediments	Flow 10,000 gpd Flow 2,000 gpd				
26	Polynesian Shores Apartments c/ Pukalani Terrace and Country Club c/	do do	do Aerobic plant	Injection wells Ponds, irrigation	Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows Basal ground water in lava flows	Flow 12,000 gpd Flow 500,000 gpd				
27 28	Emiliano Ramos c/ The Royal Mauian c/	do do	Aerobic, cavittete Aerobic plant	Injection wells	Ground water in sediments and lava flows Brackish ground water in sediments and lava flows	Honokowai, location approxima Kamaole Beach, location				
29 30	Spreckelsville 20-unit Development c/ Tahitian Apartment c/	do do	Aerobic, cavittete		Basal ground water in lava flows	approximate Flow 6,000 gpd				
31 32	Valley Isle Drive-in Theater c/	do	Chlorinated Aerobic, cavittete	Seepage pits	Basal ground water in lava flows	Kamaole, location approximate Flow 11,000 gpd				
32 33 34	Kihei Sewage-Treatment Plant e/	do do do	Secondary do do	Irrigation, wells Injection wells	dodo	6 mgd plant				

 $\underline{\mathtt{a}}/$  Small modular aerobic sewage-treatment unit developed by Hanna Enterprises in Hawaii.

b/ - e/ Sources of information: b/ U. S. Geological Survey; c/ State Department of Health; d/ owner; e/ Maui County.